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$\varphi(x) + \lambda\varphi(x) = 0, \varphi(0) = \varphi(L) = 0$. (1.6). and the equation: $G(t) = \lambda k G(t), \dots n=1, [C, n, \cos(c\sqrt{\lambda}, n, t) + D \dots 2\pi, 0, g(x)\varphi, n, (x)dx, D \dots]$
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$\lambda\varphi$. 4. theory. In particular, if one considers the Ginzburg-. Landau model confined between two parallel ... $2(2\pi), D/2, x, \infty, n=1, m(T, L), nL, (D-2)/2 \dots$
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After direct summation by the rule. $\infty, n=1, a, n, n, = -\ln(1 - a), (4.4)$. we have. U. sc. = -. 1.

2. d. 4. k. (2π) . 4. $\ln(1 + (2m, 2, + \lambda\varphi \dots$

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$D(u, v) = \lambda\varphi \text{HOLO } (u, v) / \{2\pi(n_1 - n_0)\}$ (1) Here λ is the center wavelength used, and n_1 and n_0 are the refractive indices of two materials that form the ...
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2 and 3 is etched to a depth of $\lambda\varphi$. sup. (1)m,n /2π modulo λ, and right half ... case of equations (12) and (13), specifically, the case in which pm/n = 1/2. ...
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d. n. f. dx. n. (-i ω). n. F(ω). (x-derivatives). f g =. 1. 2 π . ∞ . - ∞ . f(x - \bar{x})g(\bar{x})d \bar{x} ... d. 2. dx.
2. $\varphi(x) = -\lambda\varphi(x)$ and Fourier Formulae. Boundary ...
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$\Delta\varphi + \lambda\varphi = 0$, $\varphi(r, \theta, 0) = 0$, $\varphi(r, \theta, H) = 0$, $\partial\varphi / \partial r (a, \theta, z) = 0$... $g(\theta + 2\pi) = g(\theta)$, .. dg. d θ . ($\theta + 2\pi$) =. dg. d θ . (θ). r. 2. d ...
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$\psi(n) = P(n)\psi(n) = P(n)(\lambda\psi(n-1) + u(n)d(n)) = P(n)(\lambda\Phi(n-1)w(n-1) + u(n)d(n))$. = $P(n)((\Phi(n) - u(n)u(n) ... 2\pi. W. (n-2))]$, $n = 1, 2, 3 ...$
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